

1. **Complete the chart.**

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
1. big		
2. pretty		
3. comfortable		
4. good		
5. trendy		
6. popular		
7. bad		
8. thin		

2. **Complete the sentences with the superlative form of the adjectives below.**

hot ♦ long ♦ tasty ♦ expensive

1. *Titanic* is ..... film I have ever seen. It is more than three hours long.
2. August is ..... month of the year. I don't like the heat.
3. The leather jacket was ..... item in the shop. It cost €150.
4. These are ..... biscuits in the shop. They are delicious.

3. **Complete the sentences with the comparative or superlative form of the adjectives in brackets.**

1. The T-shirts are ..... (cheap) the dresses.
2. Brad is ..... (tall) of all the teenagers.
3. Suzy's dress is ..... (pretty) Gina's dress.
4. Trendy Boutique is ..... (fashionable) Freda's Fashions.
5. Gina is ..... (happy) Suzy.
6. The red dress is ..... (expensive) dress in the shop.

4. **Complete the sentences about the computers. Use the comparative form of the adjectives below.**

expensive ♦ big ♦ trendy ♦ small ♦ old-fashioned



**Tango £100**



**Mikro £250**

1. The Mikro is .....
2. The Tango is .....
3. The Mikro is .....
4. The Tango is .....
5. The Mikro is .....

Answers:

1. 1. bigger than – the biggest  
2. prettier than – the prettiest  
3. more comfortable than – the most comfortable  
4. better than – the best  
5. trendier than – the trendiest  
6. more popular than – the most popular  
7. worse than – the worst  
8. thinner than – the thinnest
- 2 1. the longest                      3. the most expensive  
2. the hottest                      4. the tastiest
- 3 1. cheaper than    4. more fashionable than  
2. the tallest        5. happier than  
3. prettier than    6. the most expensive
- 4 1. bigger than the Tango.  
2. more old-fashioned than the Mikro.  
3. trendier than the Tango.  
4. smaller than the Mikro.  
5. more expensive than the Tango.

## CAUSATIVE VERBS: HAVE/GET SOMETHING DONE

### EXERCISE 1

Rewrite these sentences using *have* or *get*.

1. The mechanic changed the oil in my car.

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2. The hairdresser cut my hair in a completely different style.

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3. A decorator has repainted our house.

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4. A friend of mine, who's an electrician, is going to repair my DVD player next week.

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5. My jacket is being cleaned at a specialist cleaner's.

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6. The town hall has just been rebuilt for the council.

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### EXERCISE 2

Match a word from 1-8 with something that is done by that person or in that place. Then make sentences using all the information and the verb in brackets.

You may have to change the words or add new ones. An example is given.

1. hairdresser's  
2. optician's  
3. dentist's  
4. doctor's  
5. vet's  
6. garage  
7. architect  
8. accountant

vaccinate dogs (have)  
do annual accounts (have)  
service cars (get)  
test eyes (have)  
design new houses (have)  
cut hair (get)  
take out teeth (have)  
take blood pressure

#### Example:

1. Tomorrow *I'm going to the hairdresser's to get my hair cut.*

2. Yesterday...

3. This afternoon...

4. Last week...

5. Next Saturday...

6. The day before yesterday...

7. Last year...

8. Next week...

## Answers

### EXERCISE 1

Rewrite these sentences using *have* or *get*.

1. The mechanic changed the oil in my car.

***I had the oil in my car changed.***

2. The hairdresser cut my hair in a completely different style.

***I had my hair cut in a completely new style.***

3. A decorator has repainted our house.

***We have had our house repainted.***

4. A friend of mine, who's an electrician, is going to repair my DVD player next week.

***I'm going to have my DVD player repaired next week by a friend of mine, who's an electrician.***

5. My jacket is being cleaned at a specialist cleaner's.

***I'm having my jacket cleaned at a specialist cleaner's.***

6. The town hall has just been rebuilt for the council.

***The council have just had the town hall rebuilt.***

### EXERCISE 2

Match a word from 1-8 with something that is done by that person or in that place. Then makesentences using all the information and the verb in brackets.

You may have to change the words or add new ones. An example is given.

1. Tomorrow ***I'm going to the hairdresser's to get my hair cut.***

2. Yesterday ***I went to the optician's to have my eyes tested.***

3. This afternoon ***I'm going to the dentist to have a tooth taken out.***

4. Last week ***I went to the doctor's to have my blood pressure taken.***

5. Next Saturday ***I'm going to the vet's to have my dog vaccinated.***

6. The day before yesterday ***I went to the garage to get my car serviced.***

7. Last year ***I saw the architect to have my new house designed.***

8. Next week ***I'm talking my accountant to have my annual accounts done.***

## Links:

Pulsa a tecla **Intro** ou fai **CTRL + clic** sobre os textos subliñados para revisar os diferentes temas tratados nesta quincena.

Phrasal Verbs

<http://www.ompersonal.com.ar/omphrasal/contenidotematico.htm>

cliches

<http://www.westegg.com/cliche/>

cliches

<http://wsuonline.weber.edu/wrh/cliches.htm>

Comparatives

<http://web2.uvcs.uvic.ca/elc/StudyZone/330/grammar/regcom.htm>

Comparatives and superlatives

<http://www.ompersonal.com.ar/omgrammar/comparativosysuperlativos.htm>

Comparatives and superlatives exercises

<http://www.artisticoarese.it/englishpc/language/compaexe.htm>

Because or Due to

<http://elc.polyu.edu.hk/cill/exercises/because.htm>

Cause and effect

<http://elc.polyu.edu.hk/cill/exercises/cause&effect.htm>

To have/get something done

<http://www.shertonenglish.com/resources/es/miscellaneous-topics/have-something-done.php>

Have Something Done Exercise

<http://perso.wanadoo.es/autoenglish/gr.havdon.p.htm>