

Grammar exercises

Write these sentences putting the verbs in brackets into the correct tense

THE ZERO CONDITIONAL

- When someone feels embarrassed his face.....(go) red.
- If you two.....(speak) at the same time I can't understand you.
- If you select reverse gear, the car.....(go) backwards.
- If you heat water at 100° C. it.....(boil).
- If you.....(fill) a balloon with hot air it rises.
- When a person.....(do) exercise his blood pressure gets higher.

THE FIRST CONDITIONAL

- If the prices are high, we.....(have) dinner in another restaurant.
- Her parents will be worried if she.....(get) home after midnight.
- If you insult him, he.....(lose) his temper.
-(you/help) me if I get into financial difficulty?
- If the Government increase taxes, the workers.....(go) on strike.
- If the weather.....(be) cold we won ' t go to the beach.

THE SECOND CONDITIONAL

- If I.....(be) taller I would play basketball.
- What.....(you/do) if you won one million pounds?
- If she.....(work) harder she would pass her exams.
- If she asked me I.....(lend) her some money.
- He.....(not have) so many accidents if he drove more carefully.
- If I.....(live) in London I would speak better English.

THE THIRD CONDITIONAL

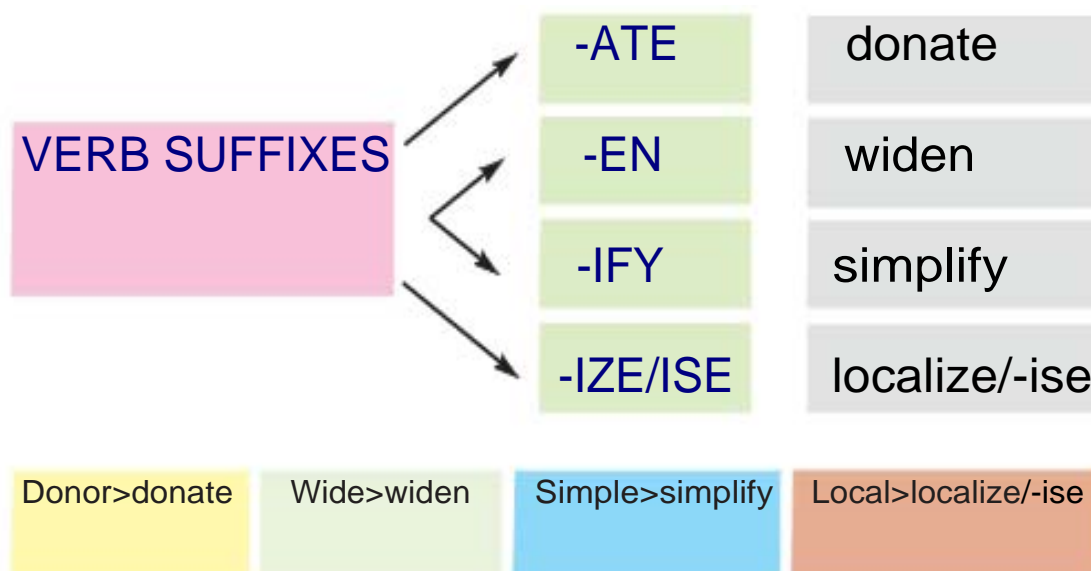
- If I.....(not meet) my wife I wouldn't have got married.
- Our neighbours.....(not complain) if you had turned down the radio.
- If they.....(sleep) more hours they wouldn't have been so tired.
-(do) the military service if you had been born one year earlier?
- If you had come to my party you.....(enjoy) it a lot.
- What.....(study) if you had gone to university?

Answers:

a) goes b) speak c) goes d) boils e) fill f) does g) will have h) gets i) will lose j) Will you help k) Will go l) Is m) Were n) Would
you do o) Worked p) Would lend q) Wouldn't have r) Lived s) Hadn't met t) Wouldn't have complained u) Had slept v) Would
you have done w) Would have enjoyed x) Would you have studied

Working with words

Os seguintes sufixos utilízanse para formar verbos a partir doutras palabras



a. Use one of the above suffixes to form a verb

- | | | | |
|----------|------------|-----------|-------------|
| a) Dark | b) Active | c) Pure | d) Modern |
| e) Union | f) Vibrant | g) Public | h) Terror |
| i) Ripe | j) Speech | k) Threat | l) Strength |

- | | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| a)..... | b)..... | c)..... | d)..... |
| e)..... | f)..... | g)..... | h)..... |
| i)..... | j)..... | k)..... | l)..... |

b. Match one of the previous verbs with their definitions

- | | |
|---|-------|
| a) To become a member of a Trade Union. | ----- |
| b) To clean, to make free from dirt, dust or any bacteria | ----- |
| c) To express an intention to cause pain | ----- |
| d) To become fully grown and ready to be eaten | ----- |
| e) To make a speech in a proud way | ----- |

Answers:

- a. a. darken b. Activate c. Purify d. Modernize e. Unionize f. Vibrate g. Publicate h. Terrorize
i. Ripen j. Speechify k. Threaten l. Strengthen.
- b. a. Unionize b. Purify c. Threaten d. Ripen e. Speechify

FALSE FRIENDS

Son aquelas palabras que aínda sendo similares en inglés e en galego non significan o mesmo. O seu aspecto dá lugar a engano por iso denomínanse "falsos amigos". Estes son algúns dos máis coñecidos.

	≠	=
actually	actualmente	en realidade
exit	éxito	saída
remove	remover	quitar
sympathy	simpatía	compaixón

A. Where is the false friend in each of these sentences? Find it and write the sentence correctly. Use a dictionary if necessary.

- a) He didn't *assist* any lesson
He didn't attend any lesson
- b) A *success* is an important happening
.....
- c) There are always long *caravans* on this road
.....
- d) My pen is in my *carpet*
.....
- e) Do you know the *argument* of the film?
.....
- f) How many *idioms* can you speak?
.....
- g) I 'm very *sensible* to criticism. It affects me a lot
.....
- h) She got *embarrassed* in June and will have a baby in February
.....
- i) I 've got very low *notes* in my Literature exam
.....



B. Now complete the tables ás in the example

	Inglés	Galego		Galego	Inglés
a	assist	axudar		asistir	attend
b	success				
c	<i>caravans</i>				
d	<i>carpet</i>				
e	<i>argument</i>				
f	<i>idioms</i>				
g	<i>sensible</i>				
h	<i>embarrassed</i>				
i	<i>notes</i>				

Answers:

	Inglés	Galego		Galego	Inglés
a	assist	axudar		asistir	attend
b	success	éxito,		suceso	event
c	<i>caravans</i>	autocaravana		atasco	traffic jam
d	<i>carpet</i>	alfombra		carpeta	folder
e	<i>argument</i>	bronca		argumento	plot
f	<i>idioms</i>	frase feita		idiomas	languages
g	<i>sensible</i>	sensato		sensible	sensitive
h	<i>embarrassed</i>	avergoñado		preñada	pregnant
i	<i>notes</i>	billetes		notas	marks

Learning vocabulary

Complete these sentences with the words in the square. Some are related to the television world and some others to the cinema

Stars	Commercials	Shooting	Live ----- Highlights
Channels	Subtitles ----- Dubbed	On	Critic
Thriller	Turn the TV on	Screen	Satellite ----- Cable

- I want to watch the news. Can you.....?
- The most important actors and actresses of a film are the.....
- Films are shown on.....
- The advertisements between programmes on television are called.....
- A.....is a gripping story about a crime.
- Will you watch the tennis match.....or will you watch the.....?
- A.....is a journalist who writes an article about a film.
- What 's.....tonight?
- The.....of a film is very expensive.
- If you pay you can receive.....TV and.....TV.
- When watching a foreign film do you prefer..... or.....dialogue?
- How many TV.....are there in Great Britain? At the moment 5.

Answers:

a) Turn the TV on b) Stars c) Screen d) Commercials e) Thriller f) Live/ Highlights g) Critic h) On i) Shooting j) satellite/ cable
k) subtitles/ dubbed l) channels

Learning vocabulary: Verb + preposition

O seguinte grupo de verbos vai seguido destas preposicións

English	Galego	English	Galego
APOLOGISE FOR	desculpase por	LAUGH AT :	reirse de
APPROVE OF	aceptar unha conduta	LOOK AT :	mirar
APPLY FOR	solicitar	LISTEN TO :	escoitar
BLAME FOR	acusar de	SPEND ON :	gastar en
COMPLAIN ABOUT	queixarse sobre	SUCCEED IN :	trunfar en
CONSIST OF	consistir en	SUFFER FROM :	padecer de
DEPEND ON	depende de	TALK ABOUT :	falar sobre
DREAM OF	soñar con	TRANSLATE INTO :	traducir a
HEAR ABOUT	oir acerca de	WAIT FOR :	esperar por
INSIST ON	insistir en	WARN ABOUT :	advertir sobre

Practice

Complete the sentences using one of the following verbs + the correct preposition

TRANSLATE

LAUGH

APPROVE

SPEND

SUFFER

BLAME

CONSIST

HEAR

- My mother strong headaches.
- Her parents don't her marriage with that man.
- Her family me her death because I was driving the car when we had the accident.
- Can you this text Polish?
- Have you what happened here yesterday?
- Last year I 100 pounds her present.
- The meal three delicious courses.
- Children are very cruel and other children's defects.

Answers:

- a) suffers from b) approve of c) blames me for d) translate their text into e) heard about f) spent 100 pounds on
g) consists of h) laugh at